Internet Futures

A personal glimpse into a future of the internet

A quick look back: 1992



it turned out to be a commercial flop.

The flagship of Digital's technology of the time, that turned out to be a commercial flop. Anyhow, it's still a true mainframe, remarkable in any aspect: the system takes up a whole room, it consumes electricity as if it was free, and dissipates heat like hell. All this is due the fact that it's built out of ECL components, which are very fast (CMOS wasn't even close to that at that time), but draws significant power (the whole system takes around 20 kW). It was designed to have water-cooling, but it didn't work, so they modified it to air-cooling, the name however remained: "Aquarius". There were different models, with performances varying from 40 to 157 VUPs (125 MFLOPS). The I/O-memory-CPU interconnect is switched (with a frequency of 1 GHz), which was a totally new concept at that time. There were only a few dozen 9000's ever made.



Today!

The new iPad



"We are now living in a post-PC world"

Where to from here?

5 Years Out



its turning into a mobile world!

2011: 270 million mobile units shipped

Factors:

- Production volumes are bringing down component unit cost
- Android is bringing down software unit cost
- No need for new content leverage off the the existing web universe of content
- Shift away from the desktop and the laptop by the production industry seeking new markets for their production capability

Apple's Numbers

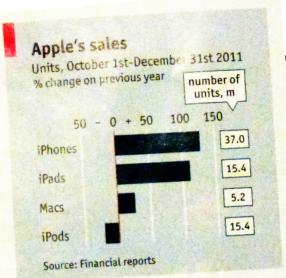
iPhones:

- Q3 2010 : Apple shipped 8.4M iPhones
- Q3 2011: Apple shipped 20.3M iPhones
 - Added 42 carriers and 15 countries in the quarter!

iPads:

- Q3 2010 : Apple shipped 3.3M iPads
- Q3 2011 : Apple shipped 9.2M iPads
 - "every iPad we could make has been sold"

Q3 2011 profit: \$US 7.3B



Apple's earnings for the last three months of 2011 surpassed all expectations. It racked up a record \$46.3 billion in sales for the quarter and more than doubled its net profit, to \$13.1 billion. Apple's share price jumped on the news, vaulting it once again over Exxon Mobil to become (briefly) the world's most valuable listed company.

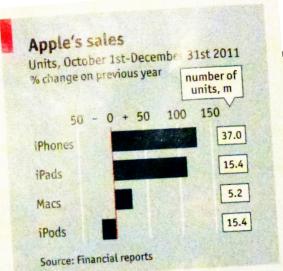
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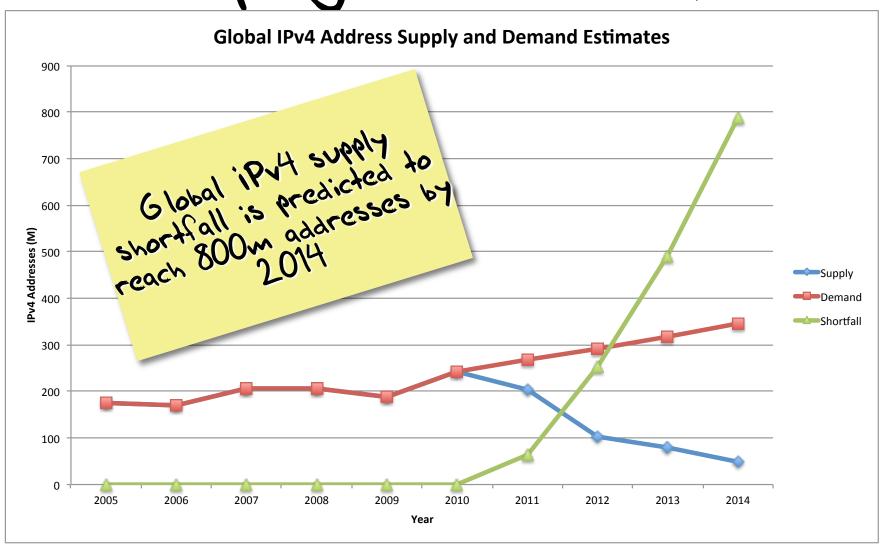
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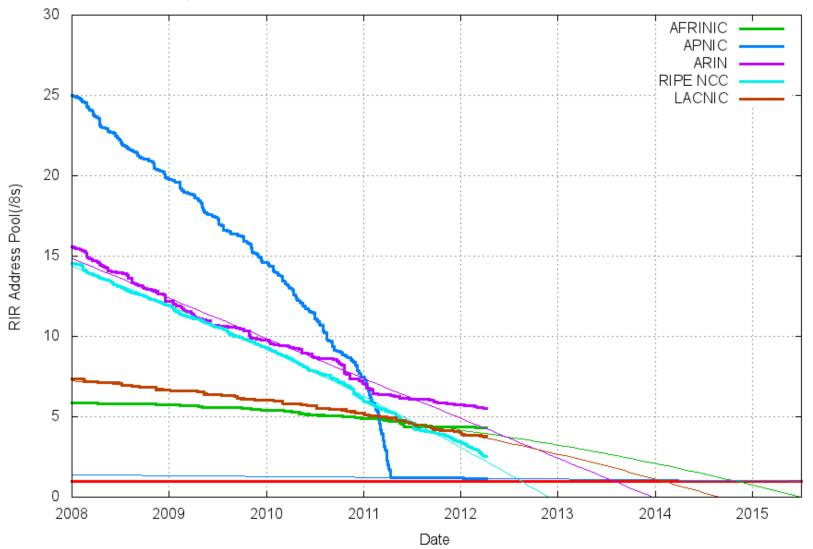
And Q4 2011 was even bigger!

\$13.18 profit!

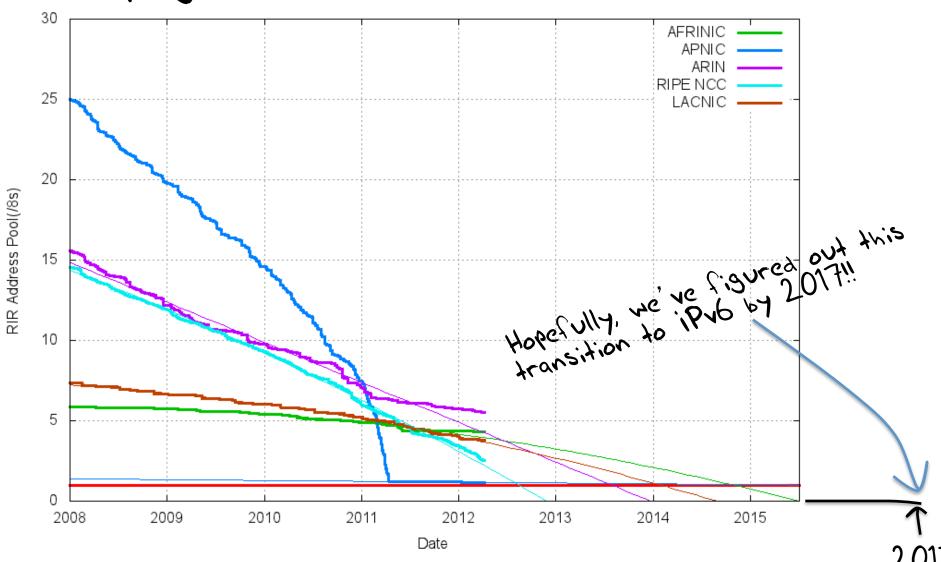
Coping with Demand



Coping with iPv4 Address Exhaustion



Coping with iPv4 Address Exhaustion



But we're now High Risk!



The emergence of a market in IPv4 addresses is now a certainty.

But the outcomes of this market are by no means assured...

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But the outcomes of this market are by no means assured...

If the price goes too high then this will generate acute instability and potentially fragment the network

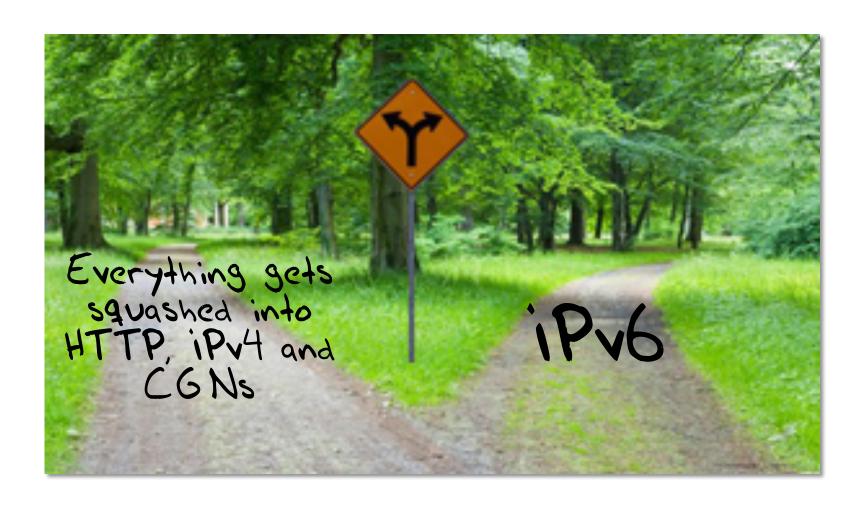
If the price is highly volatile this will deter new investors in networked services and entrench the incumbent services and incumbent providers

If the price is too low then there is little incentive for incumbents to move away from IPv4 and commence investments in IPv6, leading to stasis and entrenched incumbents

in the next five years...



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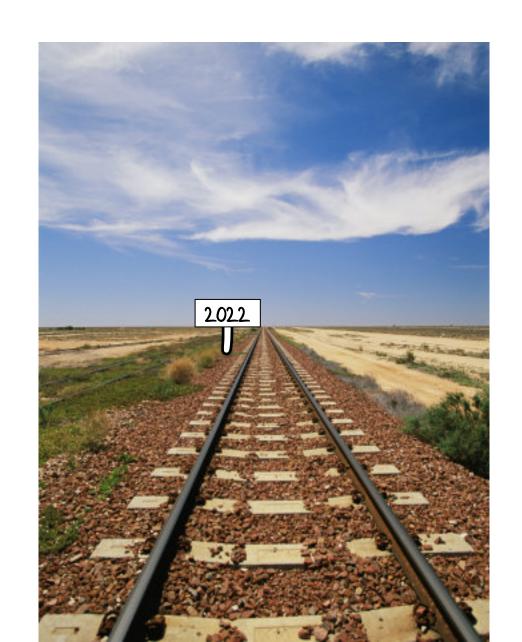


And its not yet clear which path the internet will take!

And its not yet clear which path the intermet will take! market forces

Can we look further out?

10 Years Out?



The Internet will be all IPv6 by 2022!

- The market in IPv4 trading is a short term phase
- CGNs also have near term limits under intense scaling pressure
- There is no extended afterlife in store for CGNs + IPv4 if we make this transition to IPv6

(look at what happened to DECnet, SNA, Appletalk, X.25,...)

Radio spectrum will become even more of a scarce and highly valuable asset

- well it is already, but the competition for spectrum in highly populous areas will continue
- Fewer wide area services more cellular / femtocell services backed by fibre backhaul to improve spectrum efficiency

Cloud / Data Centre services may well be at their peak by 2022

Innovative competitive pressure at this time may well come from highly distributed systems that do not rely on intense concentrations of computation and information storage

20 Years Out?



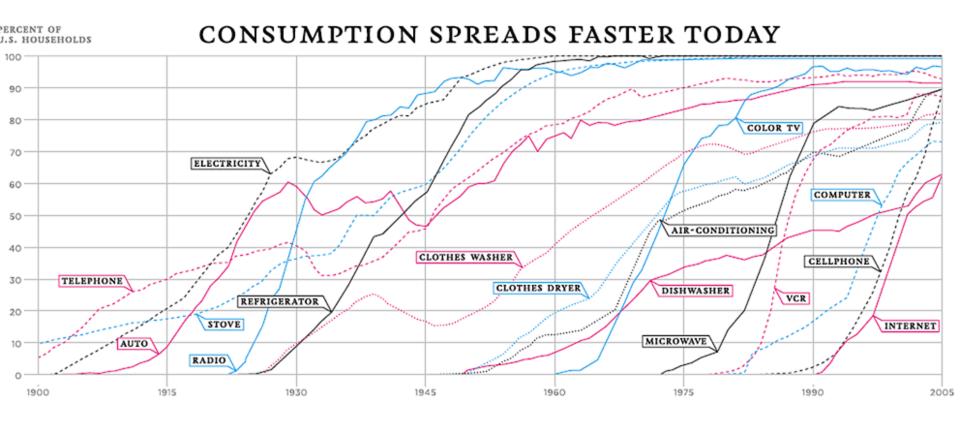
This is extremely tough!

very little from the world of 1992 is still with us today

very little of today's environment will be persistent for the next two decades

Why?

As the pace of technology adoption gets faster we cycle through successive generations of technologies at ever faster rates



What's shaping our future?

You and i!

What's shaping our future?

You and i!

We need to think about a post-PC world where computation, storage and communications are abundant commodities. It's innovative mass-produced consumer devices and services that will shape much of the Internet's future. And the innovative force here is one of constant technology refinement and evolution!



- Mark Weiser 1991