

SLAAC's Reaction to Renumbering Events

Fernando Gont



IEPG

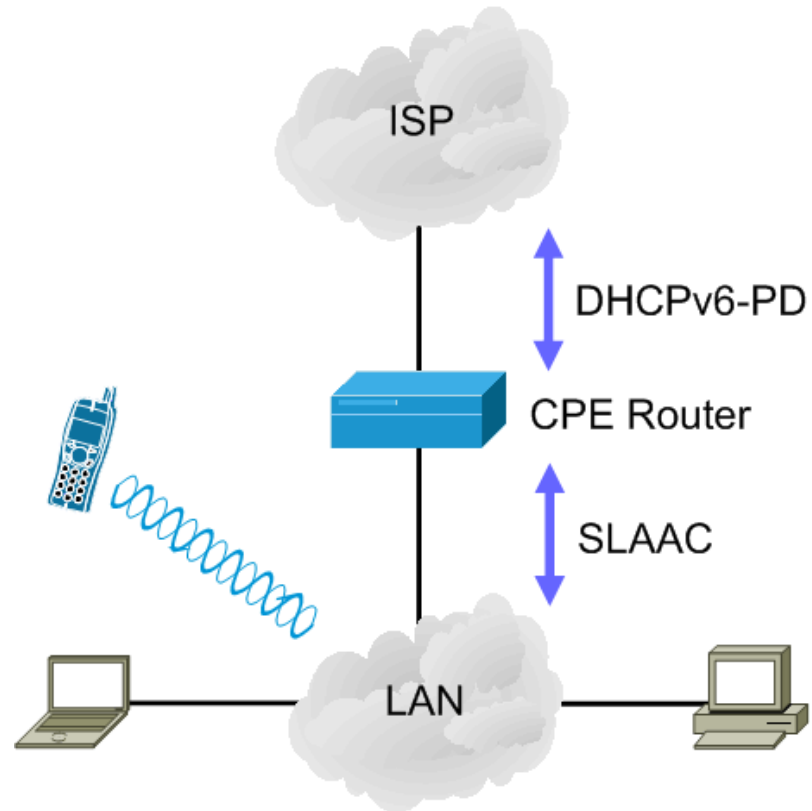
Prague, Czech Republic. March 24, 2019

Intro

- Operational problem related to renumbering events in SLAAC
- Problem discussed in draft-gont-6man-slaac-renum
 - Previously discussed in draft-linkova-6man-default-addr-selection-update
- Triggered 300+ messages on 6man/v6ops lists!

Common scenario

- Sample scenario:



Common scenario (II)

- Our typical scenario works as follows:
 - CPE router gets a prefix leased via DHCPv6-PD
 - CPE router announces a sub-prefix via SLAAC
- Typical parameters:
 - Router Lifetime in the order of half an hour
 - Lease times quite usually in the order of several days to months

Problem statement

- Problem scenario
 - CPE router is hard-rebooted
 - CPE router crashes and reboots
- What happens when the CPE router comes back to life?
 - Quite frequently it has no state of previously-leased prefix
 - It thus request a new prefix via DHCPv6-PD
 - The new prefix is announced on the LAN
- What about the previous prefix?
 - It is still there!
 - Announced lifetimes allow continued use for days to months

Problem statement (II)

- Result:
 - Old addresses are maintained
 - Quite frequently, such addresses are preferred
 - Old routes are maintained
- What does this mean?
 - Connectivity with new owner of prefix not possible
 - IPv6 connectivity may fail
 - In dual-stack scenarios, it may mean more IPv4 traffic
 - Due to Happy Eyeballs

Deployments that avoid the problem

- **Sites that use stable prefixes**
- Pro's
 - Nice for law-enforcement – prefix identifies the user!
 - Upon reboots CPE gets same prefix so... no problem!
- Con's
 - Some provisioning systems reportedly don't support this
 - Bad for user privacy – **RFC4941 mostly useless with stable prefixes!**
 - Some ISPs want to charge extra for stable prefixes – ala IPv4

There is no spoon. The network should be resilient!

Deployments that avoid the problem (II)

- **CPEs that record leased prefixes on stable storage**
- Many (most?) simply don't
- It's tricky, anyway
 - Still cannot invalidate the stale prefix!
 - They have to be able to record many prefixes
 - Lease times of days/months, and reboots may be frequent
 - And should announce them for remaining leased time
- You cannot rely on the CPE recording prefixes on stable storage

There is no spoon. The network should be resilient!

How NOT to solve the problem

- **Update to IPv6 Source Address Selection (RFC6724)**
- Option #1: Prefer prefix with longer Preferred Lifetime
 - Does not make sense
- Option #2:
 - Prefer last advertised prefix
 - Address flapping **guaranteed!**
 - Cannot communicate with new “owners” of the prefix
 - You may hit limit on max number of configured addresses

Hint: If prefix is stale... get rid of it!

How we think it should be solved

- **Get rid of stale addresses and router in a timelier manner**
- If the same router advertises a new prefix (but not the previous one), assume the prefix has become stale
- Count number of consecutive RAs from same router with PIOs that do not include the previous prefix:
 - After two such RAs, unprefer the addresses
 - After two additional ones, remove the addresses and routes

This solves the problem at the hosts themselves

How we think it should be solved (II)

- This issue begs a number of questions...
- Does it really make sense for Prefix Lifetime > Router Lifetime?
 - In the context of RFC8028, it doesn't make much sense
 - Announce the prefix for the whole lease time, but never with lifetimes larger than the Router Lifetime.
- What's the point of announcing a prefix with a lifetime of one month?
 - Just keep the addresses in the event of dead router?

Making appropriate usage of timers can help legacy hosts

Questions?