

old trust-anchors on github

Roy Arends

Paul Hoffman

IEPG102

What?

Warren Kumari:

Many files on github contain only the old trust anchor.

2070 files with the old trust-anchor

412 files with the new trust-anchor

OLD TA: 49aac11d7b6f6446702e54a16...

2070 code results:

- 411 C++
- 384 C
- 280 Python
- 56 XML
- 35 Ruby
- 29 INI
- 29 Shell
- 23 HTML
- 21 Markdown
- 15 Text
- etc

NEW TA: E06d44b80b8f1d39a95c0b0d7...

412 code results:

- 153 C
- 8 Ruby
- 7 Python
- 6 Javascript
- 6 reStructuredText
- 4 HTML
- 4 XML
- 3 JSON
- 2 Clojure
- 2 DNS Zone
- etc

Web Search function on github is limited

- Good thing there is a search API
 - Which is limited to 1000 results
 - In buckets of 100
 - And rate limited.
-
- Solution: Use logarithmic file size buckets, in a delayed loop
 - Use curl to fetch JSON results
 - Use JQ to consult JSON results
 - Use grep-sort-uniq-comm for the rest

Files belong to repositories

- Repositories have unique identifiers
- Create two sets:
 - Repositories with "old-ta" files: 1312
 - Repositories with "new-ta" files: 366
 - "comm -23 old-ta new-ta"

1099 repositories with only the old trust anchor

Not all old-ta files are unique

- In github, files have unique hashes
- From the 1099 repositories with only old-ta listed:

301 unique files

What is the distribution?

```
224 "2ad6641345273ada29b584f5fcdd061c3e99e207"  
195 "430e51a8068a7be23684c7554f8cde4e720d7f64"  
181 "afda5186ee4071eaеac70efb2245a9d25405341b"  
177 "e3еее78c548c43e1db07fa78ed2df113157242e"  
56 "81bb896f7170d0ceffecd6147aa02210a59f6a11"  
30 "68e8e405f7149b17d4dcbb372150d1e023783136"  
27 "138e19b51a12d6954f0f05a783f3ae2e1dec513b"  
24 "e1255c4d5e40a458938bd4118e4f8bf1a451295b"  
23 "c48b907ba1275e9fefaf3f6bb40ef68828b337b2"  
20 "9df0d95b417ce6c550a8575ef2ae7c6b1b410bf8"
```

What is the distribution?

```
224 "2ad6641345273ada29b584f5fcdd061c3e99e207"  
195 "430e51a8068a7be23684c7554f8cde4e720d7f64"  
181 "afda5186ee4071eaеac70efb2245a9d25405341b"  
177 "e3еее78c548c43e1db07fa78ed2df113157242e"  
56 "81bb896f7170d0ceffecd6147aa02210a59f6a11"  
30 "68e8e405f7149b17d4dcbb372150d1e023783136"  
27 "138e19b51a12d6954f0f05a783f3ae2e1dec513b"  
24 "e1255c4d5e40a458938bd4118e4f8bf1a451295b"  
23 "c48b907ba1275e9fefaf3f6bb40ef68828b337b2"  
20 "9df0d95b417ce6c550a8575ef2ae7c6b1b410bf8"
```

name distribution of the first element:

224 "2ad6641345273ada29b584f5fcdd061c3e99e207"

180 "root.key"

19 "root.autokey"

10 "0f4a4ec21ea5b6b392d7a350d10e5d1375982062.svn-base"

5 "root.key.svn-base"

3 "root.ds"

3 "root.autokey.svn-base"

3 "ksk-as-ds.txt"

1 "root-anchor"

How are these used?

- Lets look at the paths in the repositories:

```
105 "net/unbound/files/root.key"
20  "feeds/packages/net/unbound/files/root.key"
14  "feeds/oldpackages/net/unbound/files/root.key"
8   "net/unbound/files/root.autokey"
8   "feeds/packages/.svn/pristine/0f/0f4a4ec21ea5b6b392d7a35.....
3   "usr/share/dns/root.ds"
3   "q-sdk/qca/feeds/packages/net/unbound/files/root.key"
3   "packages/net/unbound/files/root.key"
3   "openwrt/qca/feeds/packages/net/unbound/files/root.key"
3   "net/unbound/files/.svn/text-base/root.key.svn-base"
```

How are these used?

- Lets look at the paths in the repositories:

```
105 "net/unbound/files/root.key"
20  "feeds/packages/net/unbound/files/root.key"
14  "feeds/oldpackages/net/unbound/files/root.key"
8   "net/unbound/files/root.autokey"
8   "feeds/packages/.svn/pristine/0f/0f4a4ec21ea5b6b392d7a35.....
3   "usr/share/dns/root.ds"
3   "q-sdk/qca/feeds/packages/net/unbound/files/root.key"
3   "packages/net/unbound/files/root.key"
3   "openwrt/qca/feeds/packages/net/unbound/files/root.key"
3   "net/unbound/files/.svn/text-base/root.key.svn-base"
```

Why?

- Almost all of these repositories are related to OpenWRT
- Some forks
- Some clones
- Some archived
- All are “config overlay” repositories
 - Install openwrt, and fetch a repository for a specific configuration
- Most of these haven’t been updated since 2015

What is the distribution?

```
224 "2ad6641345273ada29b584f5fcdd061c3e99e207"  
195 "430e51a8068a7be23684c7554f8cde4e720d7f64"  
181 "afda5186ee4071eaеac70efb2245a9d25405341b"  
177 "e3еее78c548c43e1db07fa78ed2df113157242e"  
56 "81bb896f7170d0ceffecd6147aa02210a59f6a11"  
30 "68e8e405f7149b17d4dcbb372150d1e023783136"  
27 "138e19b51a12d6954f0f05a783f3ae2e1dec513b"  
24 "e1255c4d5e40a458938bd4118e4f8bf1a451295b"  
23 "c48b907ba1275e9fefaf3f6bb40ef68828b337b2"  
20 "9df0d95b417ce6c550a8575ef2ae7c6b1b410bf8"
```

195 "430e51a8068a7be23684c7554f8cde4e720d7f64"

- All 195 files have the exact same name:

“dnssec_test.py”

How are these used?

- Lets look at the paths again:

```
103 "external/unbound/libunbound/python/examples/dnssec_test.py"
  44 "contrib/unbound/libunbound/python/examples/dnssec_test.py"
  21 "libunbound/python/examples/dnssec_test.py"
    6 "Modules/unbound/libunbound/python/examples/dnssec_test.py"
    5 "usr/src/contrib/unbound/libunbound/python/examples/dnssec_test.py"
    5 "external/bsd/unbound/dist/libunbound/python/examples/dnssec_test.py"
    1 "stellite/external/unbound/libunbound/python/examples/dnssec_test.py"
    1 "src/contrib/monero-0.10.0/external/unbound/libunbound/python/ex...
    1 "shangcoin/external/unbound/libunbound/python/examples/dnssec_test...
    1 "moneda/external/unbound/libunbound/python/examples/dnssec_test.py"
```

How are these used?

- Lets look at the paths again:

```
103 "external/unbound/libunbound/python/examples/dnssec_test.py"
  44 "contrib/unbound/libunbound/python/examples/dnssec_test.py"
  21 "libunbound/python/examples/dnssec_test.py"
    6 "Modules/unbound/libunbound/python/examples/dnssec_test.py"
    5 "usr/src/contrib/unbound/libunbound/python/examples/dnssec_test.py"
    5 "external/bsd/unbound/dist/libunbound/python/examples/dnssec_test.py"
    1 "stellite/external/unbound/libunbound/python/examples/dnssec_test.py"
    1 "src/contrib/monero-0.10.0/external/unbound/libunbound/python/ex...
    1 "shangcoin/external/unbound/libunbound/python/examples/dnssec_test...
    1 "moneda/external/unbound/libunbound/python/examples/dnssec_test.py"
```

Why?

- Lets look at the paths again again:

```
103 "external/unbound/libunbound/python/examples/dnssec_test.py"
  44 "contrib/unbound/libunbound/python/examples/dnssec_test.py"
  21 "libunbound/python/examples/dnssec_test.py"
    6 "Modules/unbound/libunbound/python/examples/dnssec_test.py"
    5 "usr/src/contrib/unbound/libunbound/python/examples/dnssec_test.py"
    5 "external/bsd/unbound/dist/libunbound/python/examples/dnssec_test.py"
    1 "stellite/external/unbound/libunbound/python/examples/dnssec_test.py"
    1 "src/contrib/monero-0.10.0/external/unbound/libunbound/python/ex...
    1 "shangcoin/external/unbound/libunbound/python/examples/dnssec_test...
    1 "moneda/external/unbound/libunbound/python/examples/dnssec_test.py"
```

What is moneda/stellite/monero/shangcoin?

- All are crypto currencies
- All are a clone, copy or fork from “monero”
- Example code from the unbound/smallapp/libunbound path
- This is not actively used in these packages

What is the distribution?

```
224 "2ad6641345273ada29b584f5fcdd061c3e99e207"  
195 "430e51a8068a7be23684c7554f8cde4e720d7f64"  
181 "afda5186ee4071eaеac70efb2245a9d25405341b"  
177 "e3eeee78c548c43e1db07fa78ed2df113157242e"  
56 "81bb896f7170d0ceffecd6147aa02210a59f6a11"  
30 "68e8e405f7149b17d4dcbb372150d1e023783136"  
27 "138e19b51a12d6954f0f05a783f3ae2e1dec513b"  
24 "e1255c4d5e40a458938bd4118e4f8bf1a451295b"  
23 "c48b907ba1275e9fefaf3f6bb40ef68828b337b2"  
20 "9df0d95b417ce6c550a8575ef2ae7c6b1b410bf8"
```

181 "afda5186ee4071eaeac70efb2245a9d25405341b"

- All 181 files have the exact same name:

"trust-anchors.conf"

How are these used?

- Lets look at the paths again:

```
47 "trunk/user/dnsmasq/dnsmasq-2.7x/trust-anchors.conf"
46 "trust-anchors.conf"
40 "release/src/router/dnsmasq/trust-anchors.conf"
11 "release/src-rt-6.x.4708/router/dnsmasq/trust-anchors.conf"
7 "usr/share/dnsmasq-base/trust-anchors.conf"
3 "squashfs-root/usr/share/dnsmasq/trust-anchors.conf"
3 "asuswrt/release/src/router/dnsmasq/trust-anchors.conf"
2 "user/dnsmasq/trust-anchors.conf"
2 "rootfs/dnsmasq-2.72/trust-anchors.conf"
2 "dnsmasq/trust-anchors.conf"
```

How are these used?

- Lets look at the paths again:

```
47 "trunk/user/dnsmasq/dnsmasq-2.7x/trust-anchors.conf"
46 "trust-anchors.conf"
40 "release/src/router/dnsmasq/trust-anchors.conf"
11 "release/src-rt-6.x.4708/router/dnsmasq/trust-anchors.conf"
7 "usr/share/dnsmasq-base/trust-anchors.conf"
3 "squashfs-root/usr/share/dnsmasq/trust-anchors.conf"
3 "asuswrt/release/src/router/dnsmasq/trust-anchors.conf"
2 "user/dnsmasq/trust-anchors.conf"
2 "rootfs/dnsmasq-2.72/trust-anchors.conf"
2 "dnsmasq/trust-anchors.conf"
```

How is this used?

- It is not used at all as a default configuration
- All dnsmasq related repositories have dnssec off by default
- This can be seen in the configuration files
 - (which are all the same as well)
- Most of these repositories are for the ASUS rt-n56u



What is the distribution?

```
224 "2ad6641345273ada29b584f5fcdd061c3e99e207"  
195 "430e51a8068a7be23684c7554f8cde4e720d7f64"  
181 "afda5186ee4071eaеac70efb2245a9d25405341b"  
177 "e3eeee78c548c43e1db07fa78ed2df113157242e"  
56 "81bb896f7170d0ceffecd6147aa02210a59f6a11"  
30 "68e8e405f7149b17d4dcbb372150d1e023783136"  
27 "138e19b51a12d6954f0f05a783f3ae2e1dec513b"  
24 "e1255c4d5e40a458938bd4118e4f8bf1a451295b"  
23 "c48b907ba1275e9fefaf3f6bb40ef68828b337b2"  
20 "9df0d95b417ce6c550a8575ef2ae7c6b1b410bf8"
```

177 "e3eeee78c548c43e1db07fa78ed2df113157242e"

- All 177 files have the exact same name:

"dnssec_chain_verifier.cc"

How are these used?

- Lets look at the paths again:

```
98 "external/chromium/net/base/dnssec_chain_verifier.cc"
61 "net/base/dnssec_chain_verifier.cc"
 6 "chromium/net/base/dnssec_chain_verifier.cc"
 3 "platform/external/chromium/net/base/dnssec_chain_verifier.cc"
 3 "android/external/chromium/net/base/dnssec_chain_verifier.cc"
 1 "lge/external/webkit/htmlwebkit/Source/ThirdParty/chromium/net/b
 1 "kk-4.x/external/chromium/net/base/dnssec_chain_verifier.cc"
 1 "android/vendor/lge/external/webkit/htmlwebkit/Source/ThirdParty
 1 "SM-T210_JB_Opensource_SENSE/Platform/external/chromium/net/base
 1 "Platform/external/chromium/net/base/dnssec_chain_verifier.cc"
```

How are these used?

- Lets look at the paths again:

```
98 "external/chromium/net/base/dnssec_chain_verifier.cc"  
61 "net/base/dnssec_chain_verifier.cc"  
6 "chromium/net/base/dnssec_chain_verifier.cc"  
3 "platform/external/chromium/net/base/dnssec_chain_verifier.cc"  
3 "android/external/chromium/net/base/dnssec_chain_verifier.cc"  
1 "lge/external/webkit/htmlwebkit/Source/ThirdParty/chromium/net/b  
1 "kk-4.x/external/chromium/net/base/dnssec_chain_verifier.cc"  
1 "android/vendor/lge/external/webkit/htmlwebkit/Source/ThirdParty  
1 "SM-T210_JB_OpenSource_SENSE/Platform/external/chromium/net/base  
1 "Platform/external/chromium/net/base/dnssec_chain_verifier.cc"
```

How is this used?

- This is chromium
- More specifically, this code was used for DNSSEC-stapled-certificates
- This has been removed from chromium about 6 years ago

<https://codereview.chromium.org/11293234/>

Issue [11293234](#): Remove support for DNSSEC stapled certificates. (Closed)

Created:
5 years, 8 months ago by [agl](#)

Modified:
5 years, 8 months ago

▼ Description

Remove support for DNSSEC stapled certificates.

BUG=none

What is the distribution?

```
224 "2ad6641345273ada29b584f5fcdd061c3e99e207"  
195 "430e51a8068a7be23684c7554f8cde4e720d7f64"  
181 "afda5186ee4071eaеac70efb2245a9d25405341b"  
177 "e3eeee78c548c43e1db07fa78ed2df113157242e"  
 56 "81bb896f7170d0ceffecd6147aa02210a59f6a11"  
 30 "68e8e405f7149b17d4dcbb372150d1e023783136"  
27 "138e19b51a12d6954f0f05a783f3ae2e1dec513b"  
24 "e1255c4d5e40a458938bd4118e4f8bf1a451295b"  
23 "c48b907ba1275e9fefaf3f6bb40ef68828b337b2"  
20 "9df0d95b417ce6c550a8575ef2ae7c6b1b410bf8"
```

```
56 "81bb896f7170d0ceffecd6147aa02210a59f6a11"  
30 "68e8e405f7149b17d4dcbb372150d1e023783136"
```

- All 86 files have the exact same name:

"unbound-anchor.c"

- This is the unbound-anchor code, which sole purpose is to update the trust anchor!

Top 10 names used:

242	"dnssec_test.py"
203	"trust-anchors.conf"
191	"dnssec_chain_verifier.cc"
185	"root.key"
157	"unbound-anchor.c"
157	"dns_utils.cpp"
43	"DNSSECSupport.c"
30	"dnsval.conf"
28	"defaults.properties"
20	"dnssec.rb"

Top 10 names used:

242	"dnssec_test.py"
203	"trust-anchors.conf"
191	"dnssec_chain_verifier.cc"
185	"root.key"
157	"unbound-anchor.c"
157	"dns_utils.cpp"
43	"DNSSECSupport.c"
30	"dnsval.conf"
28	"defaults.properties"
20	"dnssec.rb"

Top 10 names used:

157 "dns_utils.cpp"

Copied functions from unbound-anchor.c

Exclusively used for Monero related repositories

43 "DNSSECSupport.c"

Part of mDNSResponder (bonjour), used as fallback.

Contains code to configure the new trust-anchor via ICANN certificate.

Top 10 names used

30 "dnsval.conf"

Configuration file for DNSSEC-Tools.

Main repository hasn't been updated since 2015.

28 "defaults.properties"

Part of jitsi, popular video, voice conferencing and chat tool.

DNSSEC is on by default, and only has the old trust-anchor.

In the process of contacting them.

Top 10 names used

20 "dnssec.rb"

DNSRUBY and clones.

I've pinged Alex Dalitz, who maintains the main repo.

How fresh are these repositories?

Count	Last-pushed
-------	-------------

304	2018
-----	------

221	2017
-----	------

167	2016
-----	------

207	2015
-----	------

95	2014
----	------

66	2013
----	------

34	2012
----	------

5	2011
---	------

Contacted/next steps

- dnsruby's Alex Dalitz
- Kirei
- Knotdns folks
 - Old trust-anchor was used in a closed test. No danger to the public
- Unbound folks
 - Unbound-anchor can update itself. No danger to the public
 - Examples are just that, examples
 - Already updated main repository
- Will investigate further and will contact
- More hosting facilities to follow:
 - Gitlab/bitbucket/assembla/sourceforge/Launchpad

Conclusion

- Github has many ~~dead bodies~~ stale copies of some form of unbound
 - Will contact freshest/most-used
- Many router firmware repositories
 - Openwrt, rt-n56u, dnsmasq
 - In default config, no danger to the public
 - Will contact freshest/most-used
- Many bitcoin variants
- Most of these are not vulnerable during the keyroll