PcapParser: DNS pcap Made Easy

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pcap for recording DNS traffic

- DNS software historically has little or no facilities to record traffic
 - Server slow? Turn query logging off, you fool!
- Traffic recording happens external to DNS
 - On the box, via mirrored ports, and so on
- UDP pattern quite simple
 - 1 packet query, 1 packet answer



Problems with pcap

- Modern DNS is usually a simple 2-packet UDP exchange
- Modern DNS can be TCP at any time
 - TCP was always used for zone transfers
- Large messages in responses less clean
 - UDP fragments at IP layer
 - TCP may fragment, is always a stream



PcapParser

- Go program
- Takes pcap input, writes pcap output
- Defragments IP packets
- Reads TCP streams
- Writes unfragmented UDP/IP packets
- DNS-specific
 - Needed when reading TCP streams
 - DNS messages always fit in a UDP packet



Defragmenting IP

- Conceptually simple: collect fragments and re-build the original
- IPv4 and IPv6 are basically the same
 - Kind of a crappy algorithm ⁽²⁾
- gopacket library has IPv4 support!
- Runxia created IPv6 support
 - Pushing upstream, non-trivial IPR stuff ②



Reassembling TCP streams

- Potentially really hard
 - Need to implement a lot of TCP
- gopacket library has TCP reassembly!
- Handle DNS TCP stream built from pcap
 - 2-byte length, then data
- Build UDP/IP packet with DNS payload



Final Thoughts on DNS Logging

- pcap is not a great match
 - Lots of duplicated & unneeded information
 - Missing information (query/answer pairs, server state)
- dnstap aims to be "real" DNS logging
 - Although does not define a file format?
- CBOR seems to be popular
- Some day encryption will make out-of-server logging worthless (hopefully)



Links

- http://dnsv6lab.net/2016/09/06/DNS-pcap-fragments/
- https://github.com/RunxiaWan/PcapParser

